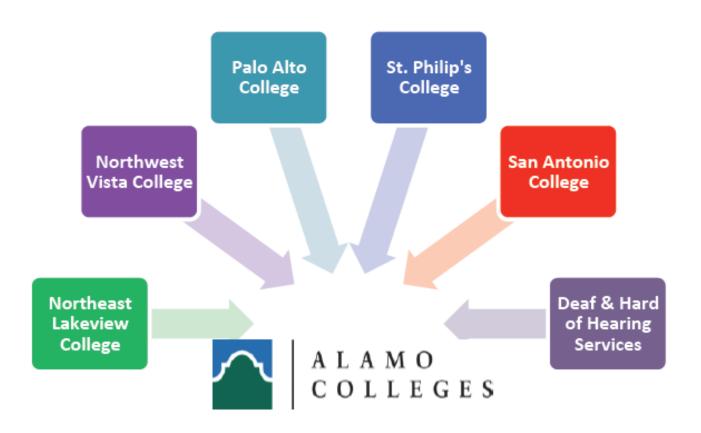


High School to College Transition & Accommodations



For Additional Information, please visit:

Northeast Lakeview College http://alamo.edu/nlc/Disability/

Northwest Vista College http://alamo.edu/nvc/current-students/access-office/

Palo Alto College
St. Philip's College
http://alamo.edu/pac/dss/
http://alamo.edu/spc/disability-resource-center/ San Antonio College http://alamo.edu/sac/disability-support-services/

"Accommodations are about altering methods...not about altering standards". Alamo Colleges' District Disability Services Council www.alamo.edu

HIGH SCHOOL □ COLLEGE TRANSITION INFORMATION

Source: www.ahead.org

HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE
	egal Principles
Every student with a disability has a right to a	Under the ADA and Section 504 of Rehabilitation Act
high school education and a diploma under	of 1973, a qualified student with a documented and
IDEA. Most of the responsibility for a student's	approved disability has the right to reasonable
success falls upon the parents and teachers.	accommodation for equal access to the services
	provided by the Alamo Colleges. Every student is
	responsible for meeting the academic or technical
	standards of the college.
Fundamental alteration of programs and curricula	No fundamental alterations are required.
are required.	•
Education is a right and must be provided in an	Higher Education is not a right.
appropriate environment to all individuals.	Students must meet certain admissions criteria defined
	by the college, and under the ADA be "otherwise
	qualified."
School district develops Individualized Education	No Individual Education Plan (I.E.P.) exists.
Plans (I.E.P.) to define educational services.	
Personal services for medical or physical	No personal services are required.
disability are required.	
Who Identifies and Documents Accommodations	
School districts are responsible for identifying the	Colleges may not seek out students with disabilities.
students as needing accommodations.	Students are responsible for identifying themselves as a
	student with a disability and provide documentation to
	justify accommodations; a guardian may participate in
TI D	the process with written permission from the student.
The Role of Parents	
Parents are responsible to make sure the school is	It is a student's responsibility to initiate a request for
accommodating their child appropriately.	accommodations and make the appropriate office
Deports may have access to any information the	aware of any discrepancies.
Parents may have access to any information the	A student must give permission for anyone to obtain
school has about the student's disability and the	information about services being provided, including grades.
services provided. Parents receive regular contact and feedback	College contact with parents is limited by privacy laws.
from the school.	Conege contact with parents is minited by privacy laws.
For Student Consideration	
The school is responsible for identifying the	The school ensures access. The student creates success.
students as needing accommodations and	Know how your disability effects your ability to
ensuring their success.	succeed in the college and other social settings; make
	sure you are able to disclose the nature of your specific
	disability and the specific types of assistance you need
	to be successful
Documentation Needs	
The school updates documentation (ARD) based	The student is responsible for providing adequate
on IDEA guidelines.	documentation to support his or her claim of having a
	disability.
School district provides free testing and	Students must provide documentation and pay for
evaluation.	evaluation if there is none.

Confidentiality of Student's Disability	
The student's disability is discussed among parents, teachers, administrators, and others on the I.E.P. team. It may be discussed with people diagnosing or working to accommodate the disability.	A student's disability is protected by FERPA, the student's right-to-privacy act. It may not be discussed with anyone without written permission from the student. A student has the right to not disclose his or her disability to any instructor or staff.
Self-Advocacy	
Primary advocate is the student's parent or guardian. Students at this time are learning about their disability, their accommodations, and how	Students are expected to advocate for themselves. Student is responsible for requesting accommodations and for presenting letters of accommodation to faculty.
to self-advocate.	nd Attendance
School is approximately six hours per day, five days a week.	Full time students typically spend twelve to eighteen hours per week in class, depending on their course load.
The school year is about nine months long.	An academic year consists of two - three semesters.
	on Class Work
Teachers give frequent feedback. Teachers check completed homework.	Students must seek feedback from faculty. Professors may or may not check homework, but will assume students can do the work on tests.
Teachers approach students if they believe they need assistance.	Professors are usually helpful, but do expect students to initiate contact if they need help.
Teachers remind students of assignments and due dates.	Professors expect students to use a syllabus and know due dates.
Teachers remind students of incomplete work and often provide students with information missed when they are absent.	Professors may not remind students of incomplete work and expect students to get missed notes from classmates.
Studying	
Students are told in class what they need to learn from material assigned.	Students are expected to read the assigned material; lectures and assignments proceed from the assumption that they have done so.
Students spend thirty hours per week in class, perhaps only zero to two hours outside of class studying.	Students spend approximately twelve to eighteen hours per week in class, but study outside of class at least two to three hours for every hour spent in class.
Students are expected to read short assignments. These are then discussed, and often re-taught in class.	A substantial amount of reading and writing will be assigned and may or may not be discussed in class. Students are expected to know the material assigned.
A paraprofessional assists those whose physical disability limits their ability to write notes and tests.	Students must seek out a classmate to take notes for them. Tests are usually given through disability services; the student is responsible for setting an appointment to test.
Tests	
Tests are frequent, covering small amounts of material.	Tests are often infrequent, cumulative, and cover a great deal of material. Organizing the material is up to the student.
Makeup tests are often available.	The syllabus should state whether makeup tests are available. If so, it is up to the student to request one.
Students are considered to have mastered the material when they can reproduce what they have been taught.	Students are seen as having mastered the material when they can apply it to new situations and solve new problems.
Grading standards are sometimes changed. Credit is sometimes given for effort.	Grading standards do not change. Credit for effort is rare.

ACCOMMODATING COLLEGE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Common approved accommodations with proper documentation:

- Extended test time
- Emergency evacuation assistance
- Use of a voice or tape recorder
- Volunteer note-taker
- Reader or Scribe
- Sign Language Interpreter
- Access to adaptive equipment and technologies
- Student may be late to class due to walking difficulties

Alamo Colleges' District Disability Contact Info:

NORTHEAST LAKEVIEW COLLEGE

Faye Acocks Hallford, LCSW Office Location: Student Commons

Room 222H

Phone: (210) 486-5487 Fax: (210) 486-9199

Email: nlc-dsscounsel@alamo.edu

ST. PHILIP'S COLLEGE

Lydia Hannawi, Coordinator

Office Location: MLK Campus

Norris Technical Bldg. Room 100

Phone: (210) 486-2295 Fax: (210) 486-9892 Southwest Campus

LIFEspace, Bldg 1, A 135

Phone: (210) 486-7175 Email: lhannawi@alamo.edu

NORTHWEST VISTA COLLEGE

Sharon Dresser, Coordinator

Office Location: Cypress Campus Center

Room 204

Phone: (210) 486-4466 Fax: (210) 486-9109

Email: nvc-access@alamo.edu

SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE

Maria Gomez, Counselor

Office Location: Moody Learning Center

1st Floor

Phone: (210) 486-0020 Fax: (210) 486-9143

Email: mgomez1@alamo.edu

DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING SERVICES

Jo Hilton, Manager

Office Location: SAC, Nail Technical Center

Room 109G

Phone: (210) 486-1110

Video Phone: (210) 853-5042 Email: chilton@alamo.edu

PALO ALTO COLLEGE

Rose Medrano, Coordinator

Office Location: Palomino Center

Room 116A

Phone: (210) 486-3020 Fax: (210) 486-9126

Email: rmedrano@alamo.edu

The Alamo Colleges is an equal opportunity organization committed to success and excellence through diversity in every aspect of our Colleges, including enrollment, education and employment. We seek applications from all qualified persons who share this goal. The Alamo Colleges does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age, disability, veteran status, genetic information or sexual orientation.

Inquiries or complaints regarding equal opportunity should be directed to EEO/Title IX Coordinator, Linda Boyer Owens, Associate Vice Chancellor of Human Resources and Organizational Development, (210) 485-0200. Address: Human Resources Department, 201 W. Sheridan, Building A, San Antonio, TX 78204. For student accommodation or alternate format requests, contact Disability Support Services, (210) 486-0200.